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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/525,091	02/23/2005	Andreas Geyer	Q86222	3266
23373	7590	06/12/2007		
SUGHRUE MION, PLLC 2100 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, N.W. SUITE 800 WASHINGTON, DC 20037			EXAMINER HSIAO, JAMES K	
			ART UNIT 3683	PAPER NUMBER
			MAIL DATE 06/12/2007	DELIVERY MODE PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary	Application No. 10/525,091	Applicant(s) GEYER, ANDREAS	
	Examiner James K. Hsiao	Art Unit 3683	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 03 April 2007.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-15 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) 15 is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-14 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

2. Claims **1-14** are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ursel et al. (US 5178237) in view of Evans (US 4006802).

Regarding claim **1**, Ursel et al. discloses a system for the parking braking of a motor vehicle, comprising: at least one flexible cable (**figure 1, element 10**) for transmitting a braking operating force to at least one parking brake (**figure 1, element 29**) and a linear electromechanical actuator (**figure 1**) of the screw type, which includes: a stationary rigid casing (**figure 1**) defining a longitudinal axis, a motor means (**figure 1, element 26**) for imparting to a rotary member (**figure 1, element 24**) a rotational movement, a tubular nut element (**figure 1, element 23**) coupled to the rotary member (**figure 1, element 24**), a longitudinal rod (**figure 1, between 24 and 33**) having a means (**figure 1, element 9**) for connection to the flexible cable (**figure 1, element 10**), a first portion (**figure 1, right of 24**) which is threaded and which co-operates with the internal thread of the nut (**figure 1, element 23**) and a second portion (**figure 1, above 36**) having a non-

circular cross-section, anti-rotation means (**column 3 lines 23-25**) co-operating between the casing and the second portion of the rod.

Regarding claims **2, 3 and 4**, Ursel et al discloses a check means (**fig 1, between elements 18 and 36**) in the rigid casing near the thread wherein the check means comprise a flange (**fig 1, above extruding end of rod**) and comprises a rigid transverse end wall (**fig 1, between elements 18 and 36**).

Regarding claims **5 and 6**, Ursel et al discloses an anti-rotation means (**column 3 lines 23-25**) comprise at least one element arranged transversely in the casing to co-operate with at least one substantially flat surface of the second portion of the rod (**fig 1, see extruding end of rod**) and a non circular opening in the wall (**fig 1, see extruding end of rod**).

Regarding claim **7 and 8**, Ursel et al. discloses a plurality of longitudinal pins (**fig 1, between elements 26 and 24**) acting between the rotary member and the nut element (**23**), wherein the longitudinal pins are carried by the rotary member and they engage slidingly in respective longitudinal seats (**fig 1, between elements 26 and 24**) formed by the nut element.

Regarding claim **9**, Ursel et al. discloses a grooved coupling (**figure 1, element 25**) between the rotary member and the nut element.

Regarding claim **14**, Ursel et al. discloses a casing of the actuator comprising a more rigid portion which forms the check means (**fig 1, between elements 18 and 36**) and which is se-cured to a less rigid portion (**fig 1, top handle section**).

Regarding claim 1, Ursel lacks having an external thread co-operating with a thread fixedly joined to the casing, and an internal thread opposite the external thread and wherein the tubular nut rotates.

Evans teaches an external thread (**figure 2, element 68**) co-operating with a thread fixedly joined to the casing, (**figure 2, element 66**) and an internal thread opposite the external thread. (**figure 2, element 67**) Evans also teaches a threaded no that rotates (**col. 6, 33-34**)

Regarding claims 10-13, and the screw mechanism, Evans teaches trapezoidal threads (**figure 2, element 68**) and threads that are fixedly joined to the casing being formed by a bush (**figure 2, element 73**) secured to the inside of the casing (**figure 2, element 68**). Evans also teaches respective coaxial internal and external threads of the nut (**Figure 2**). It is inherent that the external and internal threads of the nut be coaxial in order to co-operate.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the co-operating external and internal threads of Evans with the screw mechanism of Ursel et al. because with the threaded member, it will not rotate when the brake is mechanically adjusted. It is also advantageous because it is a self-locking mechanism and could not be forcibly backed out to release the brake.

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments filed 4/3/07 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. In response to the arguments regarding claim 1, applicant states that the combination of the references Ursel et al. and Evans does not teach a tubular nut element that rotates. In the pertinent art, it is known that one of the tubular nut or spindle has to rotate and the other has to be prevented from rotating. Evans teaches a tubular nut element that rotates as stated above in the modified rejection. In response to the argument that Evans is not at all pertinent art, both Evans and Ursel et al. are brakes and are therefore related art.

Conclusion

2. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to James K. Hsiao whose telephone number is 571-272-

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6259. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday 8:30 am to 5:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Devon Kramer can be reached on 571-272-7118. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

JKH

DEVON C. KRAMER
PATENT EXAMINER
Devon Kramer
6/6/07